Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s) KINOSHITA ET AL.	
10/573,462		
Examiner	Art Unit	
Sean P. Cullen	1795	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress		
THE REPLY FILED 10 March 2010 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.			
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 4.131: or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:					
a) The period for reply expires months from the mailing date of the final rejection.					
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later, no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.					
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILE MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.138(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.138(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension great the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension is set for the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension is set for the five above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office lates than three months after the mailing date of the final office action; or (2) is may reduce any seamed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL					
	liance with 37 CER 41 37 must be t	filed within two month	e of the date of		
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 4.137 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(a)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).					
AMENDMENTS	·	. ,			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); 					
(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);					
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or					
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.			
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	sorroopenang namber or many reje	otod olamio.			
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):					
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.					
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:					
Claim(s) objected to:					
Claim(s) rejected: 1-18.					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to c showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar 	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail	s to provide a		
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER					
The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:		
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)				
13. Other: PTO-892 Notice of References Cited.					
(Debut Hedge)					
/Robert Hodge/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1795					
	Filliary Examilier, Art Offic 1795				

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Regarding applicant's argument that Hisamitsu et al. does not disclose a discharge circuit be provided within each electric cell (page 7, para 1, 1), it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a discharge circuit be provided within each electric cell) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPO2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Claims 14 recites "a discharge circuit is provided on the same surface of at least one layer of the positive-electrode layers, the negative-electrode layers, or the electrolyte layers." Hisamitsu et al. discloses a discharge circuit (50, CU1 and 10-18, Fig. 12) provided on the same surface (10-18, Fig. 12) of the positive-electrode layers (32) or the negative-electrode between claim 14 does not require the discharge circuit be within the electric cell.

Regarding applicant's argument that the photosensor is a separate unit not provided within each cell (page 8, para. 1), the photosensor it one component of the discharge circuit disclosed by Horie et al. Claim 1 does not require the entire discharge circuit be provided within each electric cell. To read on the claim limitation "a discharge circuit provided within each electric cell. To read on the claim limitation a discharge circuit provided within each electric cell. Horie et al. discloses a portion of discharge circuit (1) provided within each electric cell (Fig. 48). Further, Horie et al. discloses as discharge circuit can be installed on the electrode of the cell [0004]. Therefore, Horie et al. discloses a discharge circuit to an experiment of the cell [0004]. Therefore, Horie et al. discloses a discharge circuit provided within each electric cell.

Regarding applicant's argument that the combination of Horie et al. and Hisamitsu et al. does not teach, suggest or render obvious providing the discharge circuit within each electric cell (page, 8, para. 2), Horie et al. discloses a portion of the discharge circuit (10-18) provided within the electric cell (Fig. 4B), and Hisamitsu et al. discloses a portion of the discharge circuit (10-18) provided within the electric cell (1, Fig. 3). Therefore, Horie et al. and Hisamitsu et al. disclose a discharge circuit provided within each electric cell.

Regarding the applicant's argument that the examiner is ignoring "providing the discharge circuit within each electric cell" (page 8, para. 2), the examiner is giving the claim limitation its broadest reasonable definition, which requires only a portion of the discharge circuit (i.e. a single wire, connection, tab of the discharge circuit) be provided within each electric cell. Therefore, the examiner is not ignoring this important element, but giving this limitation its broadest reasonable definition.

Regarding applicant's argument that Horie et al. does not disclose a discharge circuit (page 8, para. 3), Horie et al. discloses a discharge circuit (1) that electrically senses charged condition of adjacent bipolar electrodes (2 and 3, Figs. 5A-B), but does not disclose a discharge circuit (1) that electrically balances charge conditions. Therefore, Horie et al. discloses a discharge circuit

Regarding applicant's argument that 'Hisamitsu et al. does not disclose a discharge circuit provided on the same surface of at least one layer of the positive-electrode layers, the negative-electrode layers or the electrolyte layers (page 8, para. 3), Hisamitsu et al. discloses a discharge circuit (50, CUT and 10-18, Fig. 12) provided on the same surface (10-18, Fig. 12) of the positive-electrode layers (32), the negative-electrode layers (33) or electrolyte layers (40). The discharge circuit (Fig. 12) is provided on a surface of the bipolar battery (1) that contains the positive-electrode layers (2), the negative-electrode layers (33) and the dectrolyte layers. (Therefore, Hisamitsu et al. discloses a discharge circuit is provided on the same surface of a positive-electrode layers, a negative-electrode layers or a electrolyte layers.

layers.

Regarding applicant's argument that Horie et al. does not disclose a discharge circuit (page 9, para. 2), Horie et al. discloses a discharge circuit as detailed above.

Regarding applicant's argument that Hisamitsu et al. discloses circuitry within a controller outside the laminated electrodes (page 9, para. 2), Hisamitsu et al. discloses a portion of the discharge circuit (10-18) laminated within the electric cell (1, Fig. 3).

Regarding applicant's argument that claim 16 is allowable because it is dependent on claim 15 (page 9, para. 2), claim 15 is not allowable as detailed above.

Regarding applicant's argument that Hisamitsu et al. fails to disclose discharge circuitry within each cell (page 9, para. 3), Hisamitsu et al. discloses discharge circuitry (10-18) within each cell (1, Fig. 3) as detailed above.

Regarding applicant's argument that claim 3 is allowable because it is dependent on claim 1 (page 10, para. 1), claim 1 is not allowable as detailed above.

Regarding applicant's argument that claim 4 is allowable because it is dependent on claim 1 (page 10, para. 2), claim 1 is not allowable as detailed above.

Regarding applicant's arguments that a discharge circuit is not provided within each electric cell throughout the response to Office Action dated January 13, 2010, a circuit is defined as "the complete path of an electric current, including the generating apparatus, intervening resistors, or capacitors" (see http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/circuit). Therefore, an electric cell electrically connected to a discharge circuit to part of the discharge circuit. Therefore, any discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discloses a discharge circuit part of the discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discloses a discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discloses a discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discloses a discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discloses a discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discloses a discharge circuit connected to an electric cell discovery.